EECE.3170: Microprocessor Systems Design ISpring 2016

Lecture 25: Key Questions April 4, 2016

1. Describe how to work with multi-byte data.

- 2. Translate these x86 operations to PIC code. Assume that there are registers defined for each x86 register (e.g. AL, AH, BL, BH, etc.). 16-bit values (e.g., AX) must be dealt with as individual bytes
- MOVZX AX, BL

• MOVSX AX, BL

• INC AX

• SUB BX, AX

• RCL AX, 5

EECE.3170: Microprocessor Systems Design I Spring 2016 L

M. Geiger Lecture 25: Key Questions

3. Describe the operation of the given subroutine, which implements a 10 ms delay loop.

```
; TenMs subroutine and its call inserts a delay of exactly ten milliseconds
; into the execution of code.
; It assumes a 4 MHz crystal clock. One instruction cycle = 4 * Tosc.
: TenMsH
                    ; Initial value of TenMs Subroutine's counter
           egu 13
; TenMsL
           equ 250
; COUNTH and COUNTL are two variables
TenMs
                           ; one cycle
     nop
     movlw
                TenMsH
                           ; Initialize COUNT
                COUNTH
     movwf
     movlw
                TenMsL
     movwf
                COUNTL
Ten 1
                COUNTL,F ; Inner loop
     decfsz
     goto
                Ten 1
                COUNTH,F ; Outer loop
     decfsz
     goto
                Ten 1
     return
```

4. Describe the operation of the given subroutine, which toggles a series of 3 LEDs in sequence, assuming those LEDs are attached to bits 0-2 of Port D.

BlinkTable

```
movf
       PORTD, W
                          : Copy present state of LEDs into W
andlw B'00000111'
                           ; and keep only LED bits
                          ; Change PC with PCLATH and offset in W
addwf PCL,F
retlw
       B'00000001'
                          ; (000 -> 001) reinitialize to green
retlw
       B'00000011'
                          ; (001 -> 010) green to yellow
       B'00000110'
                          ; (010 -> 100) yellow to red
retlw
                          ; (011 -> 001) reinitialize to green
       B'00000010'
retlw
       B'00000101'
                          ; (100 -> 001) red to green
retlw
                          ; (101 -> 001) reinitialize to green
       B'00000100'
retlw
retlw
       B'00000111'
                          ; (110 -> 001) reinitialize to green
                          ; (111 -> 001) reinitialize to green
retlw
       B'00000110'
```

In calling program

call BlinkTable ; get bits to change into W xorwf PORTD, F ; toggle them into PORTD