16.216: ECE Application Programming

Practice Problems for Exam 2

Note that these problems do <u>not</u> cover all material to be tested on the second exam. However, any topic that is not covered by at least one practice problem will only be tested in a multiple choice question (if at all).

- 1. Assume the state of the 80386DX's registers and memory are:
 - (EAX) = 00005555H
 - (EBX) = 00000010H
 - (ECX) = 00000010H
 - (EDX) = 0000AAAAH
 - (ESI) = 00000100H
 - (EDI) = 00000200H
 - (DS:100H) = 0FH
 - (DS:101H) = F0H
 - (DS:110H) = 00H

- (DS:111H) = FFH
- (DS:200H) = 30H
- (DS:201H) = 00H
- (DS:210H) = AAH
- (DS:211H) = AAH
- (DS:220H) = 55H
- (DS:221H) = 55H
- (DS:300H) = AAH
- (DS:301H) = 55H

Also, assume all flags (ZF, CF, SF, PF, OF) are initialized to 0.

For each instruction sequence shown below, list <u>all</u> changed registers and/or memory locations and their new values, as well as all changed flags from the list above. Note that the registers and memory have the same starting values at the beginning of each sequence, but a value changed by one instruction in a sequence can affect the results of all other instructions in the same sequence.

a.	BT	AX,	4			
	SETC	[100H]				
	BTS	AX,	5			
	SETC	[101	.H]			
	BTR	AX,	6			
	SETC	[110H]				
	BTC	AX,	7			
	SETC	[111	.H]			
b.	BSF	AL,	WORD	PTR	[BX+SI]	
	BSR	AH,	WORD	PTR	[BX+SI]	
	CMP	AL,	AH			
	JG	S				
	MOV	DX, [200H]				
	JMP	Е				
s:	MOV	DX,	[210H	I]		
Е:	MOV	[BX+	DI+1()H],I	X	

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1 (cont.) Assume the state of the 80386DX's registers and memory are:

- (EAX) = 00005555H
- (EBX) = 00000010H
- (ECX) = 00000010H
- (EDX) = 0000AAAAH
- (ESI) = 00000100H
- (EDI) = 00000200H
- (DS:100H) = 0FH
- (DS:101H) = F0H
- (DS:110H) = 00H

- (DS:111H) = FFH
- (DS:200H) = 30H
- (DS:201H) = 00H
- (DS:210H) = AAH
- (DS:211H) = AAH
- (DS:220H) = 55H
- (DS:221H) = 55H
- (DS:300H) = AAH
- (DS:301H) = 55H

Also, assume all flags (ZF, CF, SF, PF, OF) are initialized to 0.

c.	CMP	AL,	56H		
	JL	L1			
	JG	L2			
	MOV	AH,	BL		
	JMP	Е			
L1:	MOV	AH,	CH		
	JMP	Е			
L2:	MOV	AH,	DL		
Е:	SETL	[DI]		
d.	MOV	AX,	0001H		
	MOV	CX,	0004H		
ST:	SHL	AX,	CX		
	LOOP	ST			
e.	MOV	AX,	8000H		
ST:	SAR	AX,	1		
	CMP	AX,	[BX+SI]		
	LOOPNE ST				

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As noted in class, the SETcc instruction can be used to combine multiple conditions together to create a compound conditional test. For example, the code below tests the condition
((A < B) && (C < D)), storing the result in DL:

MOV	AX,	А
CMP	AX,	В
SETL	DL	
MOV	AX,	С
CMP	AX,	D
SETL	DH	
AND	DL,	DH

For each part of this problem, assume A, B, C, D, E, and F refer to signed integers stored in memory.

a. What compound condition is tested by each of the code sequences below?

i.	MOV	AX,	A	iii.	MOV	AX,	А
	CMP	AX,	В		SUB	AX,	В
	SETLE	BL			CMP	AX,	С
	CMP	AX,	E		SETGE	BL	
	SETGE	BH			MOV	AX,	D
	OR	BL,	BH		ADD	AX,	Е
					SUB	AX,	F
ii.	MOV	AX,	C		SETNZ	BH	
	CMP	AX,	A		OR	BL,	BH
	SETE	BL					
	MOV	AX,	В				
	CMP	AX,	A				
	SETNE	BH					
	AND	BL,	BH				
	CMP	AX,	C				
	SETL	BH					
	AND	BL,	BH				
	CMP	AX,	A				
	SETZ	BH					
	OR	BL,	BH				

b. Write a sequence of instructions that tests each of the following compound conditions.

i. ((A > B) | | (A < C)) && ((A != D) | | (A == E))ii. ((A - B > 0) && !C)iii. ((B >= A + C) | | (D <= C + A)) 16.317: Microprocessor Systems Design I Spring 2012

- 3. Assume CS = 1010H, IP = 1A00, and EBX = 20AAFE00. What is the starting address of each subroutine accessed by the CALL instructions below? (In other words, what is the target address of the CALL?)
- i. CALL 0100H
- ii. CALL FFF0H
- iii. CALL 411ABE00
- iv. CALL BX
- v. CALL EBX
 - 4. Assume the 80386 is running in protected mode with the state given below (all values in hex); note that each memory location shown contains a descriptor about a particular segment:

GDTR = 0020000001FLDTR = 000B

DS = 0017SS = 0018ESI = 00001000EBX = 0001120

Memory	Address	Memory	Address
Base = 030010F0	00200000	Base = 01000010	00200028
Limit = 020F		Limit = 1127	
Base = 00200020	00200008	Base = 03170200	00200030
Limit = 0017		Limit = 03F7	
Base = 00200038	00200010	Base = 1A000000	00200038
Limit = 0010		Limit = 01FF	
Base = 1200C000	00200018	Base = 06B01000	00200040
Limit = FFFF		Limit = 0F07	
Base = 12340000	00200020	Base = 05000120	00200048
Limit = 00FF		Limit = 000F	

- a. What is the base address and limit of the global descriptor table? How many descriptors does this table contain?
- b. What is the base address and limit of the current local descriptor table? How many descriptors does this table contain?
- c. What are the starting and ending addresses for the current data and stack segments?
- d. What address is accessed by each of the following instructions?
- i. MOV AX, [0100H]
- ii. ADD DX, [SI]
- iii. MOV AX, SS:[SI+EF00]
- iv. SUB SS:[A200], CX
- v. MOV DX, [BX+SI]
- vi. MOV CX, [BX+SI+1EH]